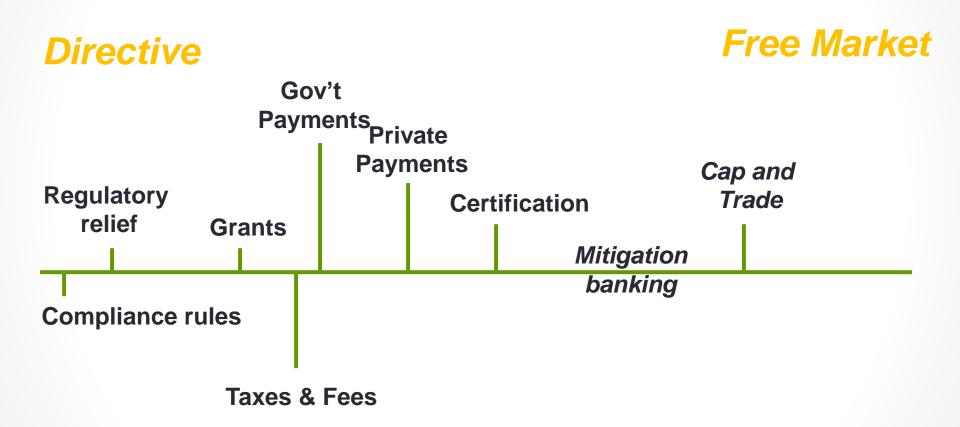


Linking State and Federal Policies to Protect Prairies, Pollinators, and Other Critters in the Pacific NW

Sam Baraso



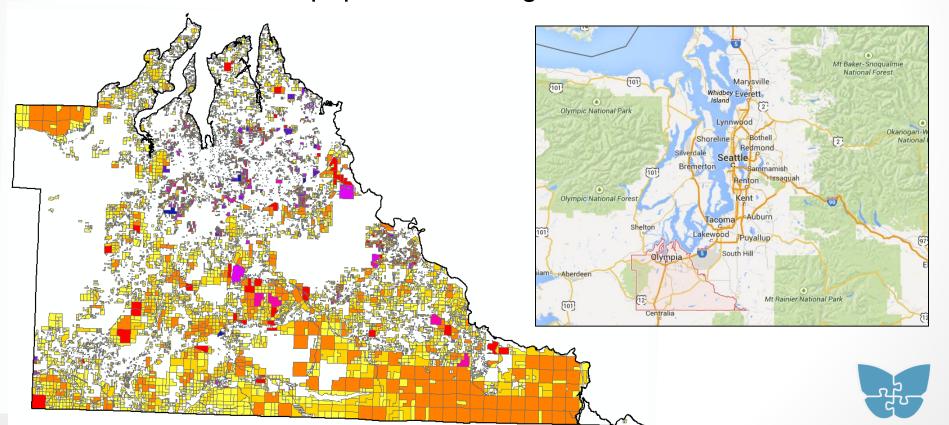
## Providing Ecosystem Services





## **Thurston County Context**

- 30 year Habitat Conservation Plan
- 8% of historic prairies remaining
- 60% increase in residential dwellings through 2045
- 60% increase in population through 2045



### Prairie Habitat Assessment Methodology

- Nine month model and protocol adaptation with Technical Working Group
- Testing on >20 scenarios
  - 6 remote sites
  - 6 field sites
  - Subsequent feedback and revisions

#### Deliverables:

- 1. Protocol Development
- 2. Adapted Quantification Tool
- 3. Procedure Manual







### Prairie Habitat Assessment Methodology

#### **Unit: Functional Acres**

#### **Ecological Attributes**

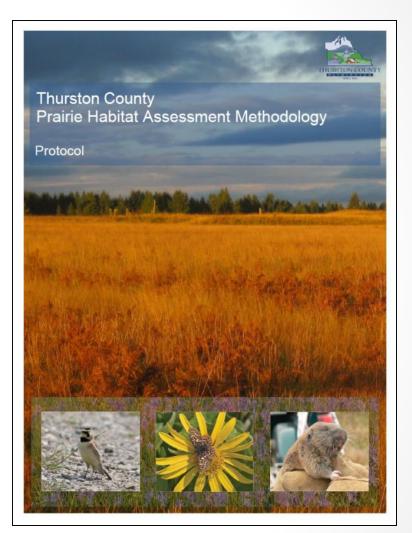
Prairie habitat quality and extent

#### **Landscape Context**

- Connectivity
- Adjacent land use and protection
- Proximity to reserve network sites

#### **Population**

Presence and abundance of species









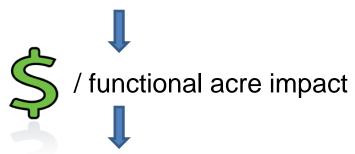
## **Conservation Strategy**

- 3 covered habitats,13 covered species
- Recovery-based conservation strategy
  - In-lieu fee mitigation
  - Working lands strategy
- Critical Areas Ordinance
  - Prairies
  - Oak Woodlands
  - Wetland habitat



# In-Lieu Fee Mitigation

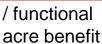


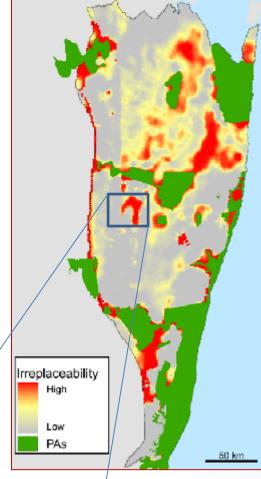
















### **Business Factors**

Environmental Assets

Buyers

Market Infrastructure

Regulators

Market Operations

Sellers



### **Business Factors**

Environmental Assets

- Acquisition cost
- Initial Stewardship
- Long-term Stewardship
- Overhead
- Inflation
- Return on Investment

Buyers

Regulators

**Public** 





## Challenges

- Building consensus around scientific methods and safety factors
- Making the financial case
- Developing implementation infrastructure
- Uncertainty in conservation targets
- Regulatory guidance



### Questions?

Sam Baraso baraso@willamettepartnership.org

